

BELGIAN BUILDING RESEARCH INSTITUTE

INSTITUTION RECOGNISED BY APPLICATION OF THE DECREE-LAW OF 30 JANUARY 1947



All tests in this report are executed according to the ISO 9001 certified Quality management system of the BBRI

Test Centre Offices Head Office B-1342 Limelette, avenue P. Holoffe 21 B-1932 Sint-Stevens-Woluwe, Lozenberg 7 B-1000 Brussels, rue du Lombard 42 Tel.: +32 (0)2 655 77 11 Tel.: +32 (0)2 716 42 11 Tel.: +32 (0)2 502 66 90

TEST REPORT

		O/References	DE 651XN877
Laboratory	ROOF AND FAÇADE ELEMENTS (CAR)		CAR 17016-3
			Page 1/6

	PCE FOAMGLAS – Mr. PIET VITSE			
Requested by	Albertkade 1			
Requested by	B- 3980 TESSENDERLO			
	PHONE: 0032 (0) 473/ 523 405 <u>piet.vitse@pce.be</u>			
Date of the order	2017.01.20	Samples registration	2017-13-18/3	
Date of the order		Date of receipt of samples	2017.03.02	
Date of the test	2017.05.02-05			
Date of drafting of the report	2017.06.05			
Test serviced out	Wind uplift test on a flat roof element – mock-up 3 "TDE 25" (4 m²):			
Test carried out	Membrane glued on T3+ with hot bitumen on continuous support (concrete)			
References	"Technical guide UEAtc for the agreement of waterproofing systems for flat and inclined			
Keierences	roofs" - Version 2010			

This test report contains 6 pages. This test report may only be reproduced in its entirety. Each page of the original report has been stamped (in red) by the laboratory and initialled by the head of laboratory. The results and findings are only valid for the tested samples.

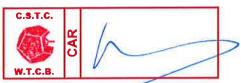
■ No sample

☑ Sample(s) subjected to destructive test

□ Sample(s) to be removed from our laboratories 30 calendar days after sending of the report, save in the case of a further written request

Ir. Edwige Noirfalisse

Responsible of the follow-up of the tests



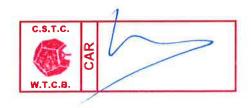
Ir. Benoît Michaux Deputy Head of Division



1. DESCRIPTION OF THE SAMPLE

The characteristics of the elements constituting the sample are given by the applicant and are mentioned below (* complementary potential observations of the laboratory):

H		Sample making place	Date			
Co	mmla	At BBRI	1-2/03/2017			
_	mple		Width			
ווט	mensions	Length				
	of the sample	2100 mm	2100 mm			
of the test box		2000 mm	2000 mm			
Co	Composition of the sample					
6 5 4 3 2						
	1 Figure 1					
			2"; thickness 150 mm; coated with a			
1	Substrate	primer "PC® EM PRIMER (SOPRADERE QUICK PRIMER)"; consumption >0,2 I/m²;				
		4 holes with diameter 50 mm are drilled through the concrete substrate.				
2 Fastening of the			10/30" (Soprema) under the panels			
ے	insulation		and on top of them (±2 kg/m²).			
3	Insulation	Cellular glass panels "FOAMGLAS	® T3+"; thickness 100 mm; dimensions of			
		the panels 600 mm x 450 mm.				
Fastening of the		Fully torched on the top coat of	hot bitumen.			
4	waterproofing 1st					
F	Waterproofing	Bituminous waterproofing men	nbrane Bituminous waterproofing			
5	1 st layer	membrane "SOPRAROCK® PB P3"	; thickness 3 mm.			
	Waterproofing	Bituminous waterproofing men	nbrane "Sopralene® Optima 4 C3"; thickness			
6	2 nd layer	4 mm; fully torched on the 1st la				
Th	The disposition of the components of the sample is given in figure 4					
5						





2. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST

The wind resistance of a roof system is determined based on a pressure chamber test according to the standards listed below "Technical guide UEAtc for the agreement of waterproofing systems for flat and Norm inclined roofs" - Version 2010 Connection to a fan (≥ 10 000 Pa) and negative pressure measure THE THE PARTY OF T Waterproofing Thermal Test box membrane insulation Opening if Sample requested

Figure 2: Vertical cross-section of the test box

The negative pressure cycles are applied under the test box with a fan and an electronically controlled valve system allowing the creation of cycles. A storm is a sequential combination of negative pressure cycles. One applies the depressions indicated in figure 3. The test continues until the breaking of the sample per steps of 500 Pa (adhered systems) or 100 N/fastener (mechanically fastened systems) for Q $_{100\%}$.

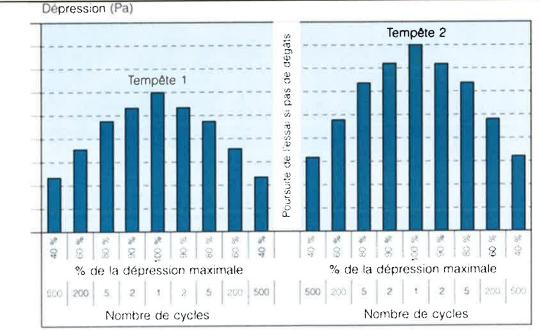
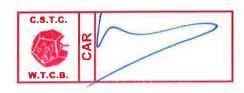


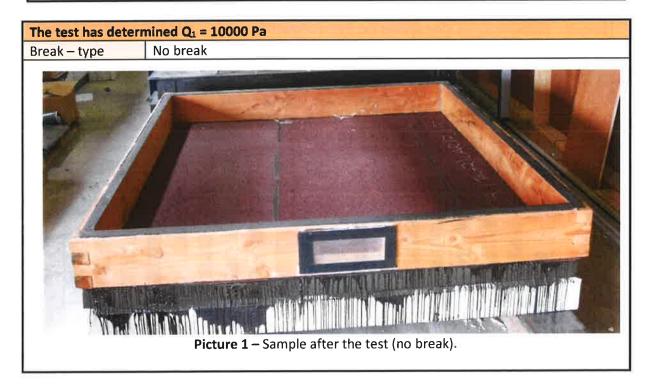
Figure 3: Sequential combination of negative pressure cycles during a storm

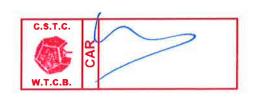




3. RESULTS OF THE TEST

Number of storms	Maximum negative pressure Q 100%	Remarks
4	1000 Pa	No remark
1	1500 Pa	No remark
1	2000 Pa	No remark
1	2500 Pa	No remark
1	3000 Pa	No remark
1	3500 Pa	No remark
1	4000 Pa	No remark
1	4500 Pa	No remark
1	5000 Pa	No remark
1	5500 Pa	No remark
1	6000 Pa	No remark
1	6500 Pa	No remark
1	7000 Pa	No remark
1	7500 Pa	No remark
1	8000 Pa	No remark
1	8500 Pa	No remark
1	9000 Pa	No remark
1	9500 Pa	No remark
1	10000 Pa	No remark





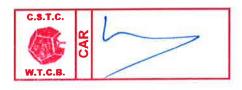




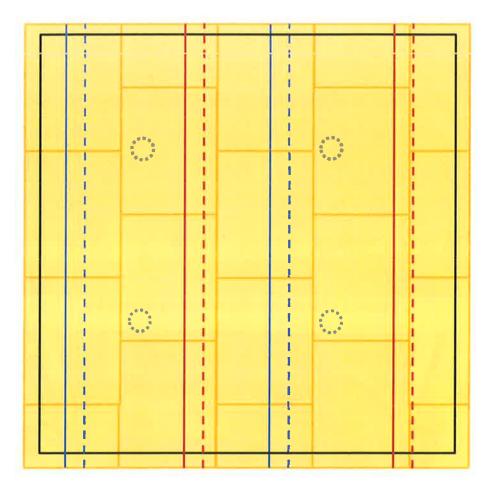
Picture 2 – Sample after the test during disassembly.



Picture 3 – Sample after the test during disassembly.







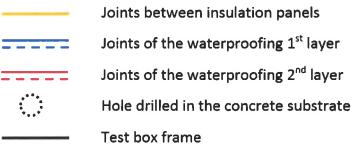


Figure 4 - disposition of the components of the sample (indicative scheme made by the laboratory during disassembly)

